

n-Propyl-1,1-d₂ Alcohol

Section 1. Chemical product and company identifications

Product code: D-0124

Chemical formula: C₃H₆D₂O

CAS: 40422-04-6

CAS (unlabelled): 71-23-8

Synonyms: 1-Propanol, *n*-Propanol

Supplier / Manufacturer:

C/D/N Isotopes Inc.

88 Leacock Street

Pointe-Claire (Québec) H9R 1H1

Phone: 514-697-6254

Toll-Free (Canada & USA): 1-800-565-4696

Fax: 514-697-6148

Website: www.cdnisotopes.com

In case of emergency:

TOXYSKAN HOTLINE: 1-855-780-0599

Section 2. Hazards identifications

Physical state: Liquid

Warning: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye damage.

Routes of entry: Inhalation, ingestion, skin and eyes

GHS (Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals):

GHS Classification:

- Flammable liquids (Category 2)
- Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4)
- Serious eye damage (Category 1)
- Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3), Central nervous system

GHS Label elements:

- Pictograms:   
- Signal word: Danger

Hazards statement:

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statement:

- P210 Keep away from heat/ hot surfaces/ sparks/ open flames/ ignition sources. No smoking.
- P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
- P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P317 Get medical help.

Section 3. Composition and information on ingredients

Name	CAS	Concentration %
<i>n</i> -Propyl-1,1-d ₂ Alcohol	40422-04-6	> 98

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact: Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

Skin contact: Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

Inhalation: If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

Ingestion: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

General advice: Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Flammability of the product: Flammable in the presence of a source of ignition when the temperature is above the flash point. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flame/hot surface. No smoking.

Lower explosion limit: 2.1 Vol%

Upper explosion limit: 13.7 Vol%

Auto-ignition temperature: 405 °C (761 °F)

Flash point: 22 °C (72 °F)

Products of combustion: Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions: Carbon oxides.

Firefighting media and instructions: Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions: Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition.

Environmental precautions: Do not let product enter drains.

Methods for cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Handling: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Storage: Store at room temperature. Adequate ventilation. Protect from heat and ignition sources. Protect from moisture.

Section 8. Exposure Controls, Personal Protections

Engineering controls: Use mechanical exhaust or laboratory fumehood to avoid exposure.

Eyes: Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to NIOSH (US) or EN 166 (EU).

Respiratory: Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US).

Hands: Handle with gloves. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Skin/body: Impervious clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties (unlabelled)

Molecular weight: 60.10 g/mol

Physical status: Liquid

Color: Colorless

Odour: Alcohol-like

Density: 0.804 g/cm³

Melting point: -127 °C (-197 °F)

Boiling point: 97 °C (207 °F)

Vapour pressure: 19.3 hPa (14.5 mmHg) at 20 °C (68 °F)

Vapour density: 2.07 (Air = 1)

Partition coefficient (octanol/water): log Pow: 0.25

Water solubility: Soluble

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Incompatibility: Strong oxidizing agents.

Products of combustion: Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions: Carbon oxides.

Reactivity conditions: Heat, flames and sparks.

Section 11. Toxicological information (unlabelled)

Toxicological data: *n*-Propanol

Information on ingredients:

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS</u>	<u>LD₅₀</u>	<u>LC₅₀</u>
<i>n</i> -Propanol	71-23-8	Oral - Rat - 1,870 mg/kg Dermal - Rabbit - 5,040 mg/kg	Inhalation - Rat - 4 h - 4,000 ppm

Potential acute effects

- **Eyes:** Causes serious eye damage.
- **Skin:** May be harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation.
- **Inhalation:** May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
- **Ingestion:** Harmful if swallowed.

Potential chronic effects

- **Carcinogenic effects:** IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC. ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.
- **Mutagenic effects:** No data available.
- **Teratogenic effects:** No data available.
- **Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure:** No data available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecological data:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Results</u>	<u>Species</u>	<u>Period</u>
<i>n</i> -Propanol	4,555 mg/l LC50	Pimephales promelas	96 h
	3,642 mg/l EC50	Daphnia magna	48 h
	9,170 mg/l EC50	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	48 h

Effects on environment: No data available.

Mobility: No data available.

Environmental precautions: No data available.

Persistence and degradability: Aerobic. Result: 75 % - Readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential: The product is miscible in water and readily biodegradable in both water and soil. Accumulation is not expected.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal: Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.

Section 14. Transportation information

Classification DOT/IMDG/IATA label:

Shipping name: *n*-Propanol

UN number: UN1274

Class: 3

Packaging group: II

Additional information: None

Section 15. Regulatory information

UNITED STATES: NFPA classification



Health: 2
Flammable: 3
Reactivity: 0
Special conditions: None

Legend: 4: Severe, 3: High, 2: Moderate, 1: Slightly, 0: Not hazardous

U.S. Federal regulations:

TSCA 8(b) inventory: *n*-Propanol

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: Not Listed

SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: Not Listed

SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Not Listed

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard: Not Listed

CWA (Clean Water Act) 307: Not Listed

CWA (Clean Water Act) 311: Not Listed

CAA (Clean Air Act) 112 accidental release prevention: Not Listed

CAA (Clean Air Act) 112 regulated flammable substances: Not Listed

CAA (Clean Air Act) 112 regulated toxic substances: Not Listed

State regulations:

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals): Not Listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals): Not Listed

Substances in Massachusetts: Listed

Dangerous substances in New Jersey: Listed

New York – Dangerous substances with acute effects: Not Listed

Dangerous substances in Pennsylvania – right to know: Listed

WHMIS (Canada):



B2 - Flammable liquid



D2B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

Section 16. Additional information

References:

- ANSI Z400.1, MSDS Standard, 2001.
- Manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheet.
- 29CFR Part 1910.1200 OSHA MSDS Requirements.
- 49CFR Table List of Hazardous Materials, UN#, Proper Shipping Names, PG. -Canada
- Gazette Part II, Vol. 122, No. 2 Registration SOR/88-64 31 December, 1987 Hazardous Products Act "Ingredient Disclosure List".
- Federal act on the controlled products
- Canadian Transport of Dangerous Goods, Regulations and Schedules, Clear Language version 2002.
- Toxicological repertory, HSC.
- Material safety data sheet from the components.

Date of issue: May 31st, 2021

Version: 3

Elaborated by: Toxyscan Inc., 1-866-780-0599

Notice to reader: To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, C/D/N Isotopes Inc., Toxyscan Inc., or any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.