

Ethylbenzene-2,3,4,5,6-d₅

Section 1. Chemical product and company identifications

Product code: D-1903
Chemical formula: C₈H₅D₅
CAS: 20302-26-5
CAS (unlabelled): 100-41-4
Synonyms: Phenylethane

Supplier / Manufacturer:

C/D/N Isotopes Inc.
88 Leacock Street
Pointe-Claire (Québec) H9R 1H1
Phone: 514-697-6254
Toll-Free (Canada & USA): 1-800-565-4696
Fax: 514-697-6148
Website: www.cdnisotopes.com

In case of emergency:

TOXYSKAN HOTLINE: 1-855-780-0599

Section 2. Hazards identifications




Physical state: Liquid
Warning: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if inhaled.
Routes of entry: Inhalation, ingestion, skin and eyes

GHS (Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals):

GHS Classification:

- Flammable liquids (Category 2)
- Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4)
- Carcinogenicity (Category 2)
- Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 2)
- Aspiration hazard (Category 1)

GHS Label elements:

- Pictograms:   
- Signal word: Danger

Hazards statement:

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statement:

- P210 Keep away from heat/ hot surfaces/ sparks/ open flames/ ignition sources. No smoking.
- P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
- P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- P316 Get emergency medical help immediately.

Section 3. Composition and information on ingredients

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS</u>	<u>Concentration %</u>
Ethylbenzene-2,3,4,5,6-d ₅	20302-26-5	> 98

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact: Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Skin contact: Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

Inhalation: If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

Ingestion: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

General advice: Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Flammability of the product: Flammable in the presence of a source of ignition when the temperature is above the flash point. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flame/hot surface. No smoking.

Lower explosion limit: 1 Vol%

Upper explosion limit: 6.7 Vol%

Auto-ignition temperature: 432 °C (810 °F)

Flash point: 15 °C (59 °F)

Products of combustion: Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions: Carbon oxides.

Firefighting media and instructions: Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions: Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition.

Environmental precautions: Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods for cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Handling: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Storage: Store at room temperature. Adequate ventilation. Protect from heat and ignition sources.

Section 8. Exposure Controls, Personal Protections

Engineering controls: Use mechanical exhaust or laboratory fumehood to avoid exposure.

Eyes: Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to NIOSH (US) or EN 166 (EU).

Respiratory: Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US).

Hands: Handle with gloves. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Skin/body: Impervious clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties (unlabelled)

Molecular weight: 106.17 g/mol

Physical status: Liquid

Color: Colorless

Odour: Aromatic

Density: 0.867 g/mL

Melting point: -95 °C (-139 °F)

Boiling point: 136 °C (277 °F)

Vapour pressure: 13.3 hPa (10 mmHg) at 20 °C (68 °F)

Vapour density: 3.7 (Air = 1)

Partition coefficient (octanol/water): log Pow: 3.15

Water solubility: 0.2 g/L

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Incompatibility: Strong oxidizing agents.

Products of combustion: Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions: Carbon oxides.

Reactivity conditions: Heat, flames and sparks.

Section 11. Toxicological information (unlabelled)

Toxicological data: Ethylbenzene

Information on ingredients:

Name	CAS	LD₅₀	LC₅₀
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Oral - Rat - 3,500 mg/kg	Inhalation - Mouse - 2 h - 35,500 mg/m ³

Potential acute effects

- **Eyes:** May cause eye irritation.
- **Skin:** May be harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation.
- **Inhalation:** Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation.
- **Ingestion:** May be harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage.

Potential chronic effects

- **Carcinogenic effects:** IARC: 2B - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans (Ethylbenzene). ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.
- **Mutagenic effects:** Genotoxicity in vitro - Hamster - ovary - with and without metabolic activation - negative. Genotoxicity in vivo - Mouse - male and female - negative.
- **Teratogenic effects:** No data available.
- **Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure:** May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecological data:

Name	Results	Species	Period
Ethylbenzene	4.2 mg/l LC50	Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 h
	1.8 - 2.4 mg/l EC50	Daphnia magna	48 h
	4.9 mg/l EC50	Skeletonema costatum	72 h

Effects on environment: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Mobility: No data available.

Environmental precautions: No data available.

Persistence and degradability: Aerobic. Result: 70 - 80 % - Readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal: Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.

Section 14. Transportation information

Classification DOT/IMDG/IATA label:

Shipping name: Ethylbenzene

UN number: UN1175

Class: 3

Packaging group: II

Additional information: None

Section 15. Regulatory information

UNITED STATES: NFPA classification



Health: 2
Flammable: 3
Reactivity: 0
Special conditions: None

Legend: 4: Severe, 3: High, 2: Moderate, 1: Slightly, 0: Not hazardous

U.S. Federal regulations:

TSCA 8(b) inventory: Ethylbenzene

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: Not Listed

SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: Not Listed

SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Not Listed

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard: Listed

CWA (Clean Water Act) 307: Listed

CWA (Clean Water Act) 311: Listed

CAA (Clean Air Act) 112 accidental release prevention: Listed

CAA (Clean Air Act) 112 regulated flammable substances: Listed

CAA (Clean Air Act) 112 regulated toxic substances: Listed

State regulations:

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals): Not Listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals): Not Listed

Substances in Massachusetts: Listed

Dangerous substances in New Jersey: Listed

New York – Dangerous substances with acute effects: Not Listed

Dangerous substances in Pennsylvania – right to know: Listed

WHMIS (Canada):



B2 - Flammable liquid



D2A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects
D2B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

Section 16. Additional information

References:

- ANSI Z400.1, MSDS Standard, 2001.
- Manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheet.
- 29CFR Part1910.1200 OSHA MSDS Requirements.
- 49CFR Table List of Hazardous Materials, UN#, Proper Shipping Names, PG. -Canada
- Gazette Part II, Vol. 122, No. 2 Registration SOR/88-64 31 December, 1987 Hazardous Products Act "Ingredient Disclosure List".
- Federal act on the controlled products
- Canadian Transport of Dangerous Goods, Regulations and Schedules, Clear Language version 2002.
- Toxicological repertory, HSC.
- Material safety data sheet from the components.

Date of issue: May 27th, 2020

Version: 3

Elaborated by: Toxyscan Inc., 1-866-780-0599

Notice to reader: To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, C/D/N Isotopes Inc., Toxyscan Inc., or any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.